

Sf9 HCP ELISA Kit (One-step ELISA)

User Guide

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Product No.: 1301312

Version: A/1

For Research Use Only

Huzhou Shenke Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

■ Product Name

Sf9 HCP ELISA Kit (One-step ELISA)

■ Package

96 tests/Kit

■ Intended Use

This kit is intended for use in determining the presence of host cell protein (HCP) contamination in products manufactured with insect Sf9 cells, such as recombinant proteins, vaccines, and recombinant AAV vectors based on baculovirus expression vector systems (BEVS).

The kit is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for clinical use.

■ Product Description

This kit is based on the solid-phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) with a double-antibody sandwich technique to detect residual host cell proteins (HCPs) from Sf9

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capture any remaining HCPs in the sample. The antibody conjugate is assessed by the
to the calibration Standard (or test samples) and the HCP
to the micro titer plate with the antibody
incubation and washing. Then TMB (3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine) substrate was added
to reaction, HRP catalyzed the oxidation of TMB by H₂O₂ to produce a blue colored
product (maximum absorption peak at 655 nm). Then the stop solution was added to
terminate the enzymatic reaction, resulting in a yellow colored product (maximum
absorption peak at 450 nm). The absorbance values at 450 nm wavelength was positively
correlated with the HCPs concentration in the Calibration Standard and the samples. The
concentration of HCPs in the samples can be calculated using a dose-response curve.

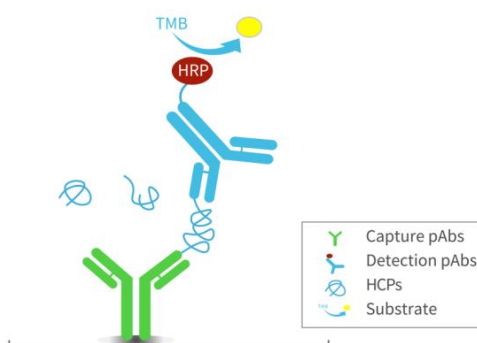


Figure 1. Schematic diagram

■ Kit Contents

Table 1. Kit Components

| Reagent | Part No. | Quantity | Note |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|---|
| Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard | PNB011 | 3 bottles | Lyophilized powder. Please refer to the details on the label of the tube. |
| Anti-Sf9 HCP Microtiter Strips | PNA012 | 8 well × 12 strips | Strips pre-coated with sheep anti-Sf9 HCP antibody in a vacuumed bag with desiccant. Seal and store immediately after use. |
| Reconstitution Solution | PNC002 | 2 × 1.5 mL | Only used for dissolving Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard. |
| Diluent | PNE004 | 2 × 25 mL | For dilution of Calibration Standard, Anti-Sf9:HRP(100×) and samples. Dilute 10 times with freshly prepared ultra-pure water obtained 1× Wash buffer. |
| | PNE001 | 2 × 25 mL | |
| | PNN006 | 1 × 120 µL | matrix with preservative. Dilute 100 times in Diluent before use. |
| TMB Substrate | PND004 | 1 × 12 mL | Sealed and keep away from light. Equilibrate to room temperature (RT) for 20 minutes before use. |
| Stop Solution | PNI002 | 1 × 6 mL | 1 M hydrochloric acid. Avoid direct contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. |
| Sealing Film | PNK001 | 3 pieces | Cover the strips with it during incubation to prevent contamination and liquid evaporation. |

Note: Room temperature refers to 25 ± 3°C.

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■ Storage Conditions

Store the kit at 2-8°C. Please check the expiration date on the labels. The opened components should be stored as shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Recommended storage conditions for opened components

| Component | Stability |
|--|---|
| Anti-Sf9 HCP microtiter strips | Store in the bag with desiccant at 2-8°C for up to 30 days. |
| Reconstituted Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard | For short term use, please store at 2-8°C. For long term storage, aliquot and keep the component below -20°C. Avoid frequent freezing-and-thawing, no more than 3 cycles. |

■ Materials Required But Not Provided

➤ Sterile microcentrifuge tubes for dilution

➤ Absorbent paper for plate drying

➤ Pipette Tips: 1000 µL, 100 µL, and 10 µL

➤ Multi-channel reagent reservoirs (50 mL)

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➤ Single or multi-channel micropipettes: 1000 µL, 100 µL, and 10 µL

➤ Microplate thermoshaker

➤ Incubator (optional)

➤ Plate washer (optional)

■ Workflow

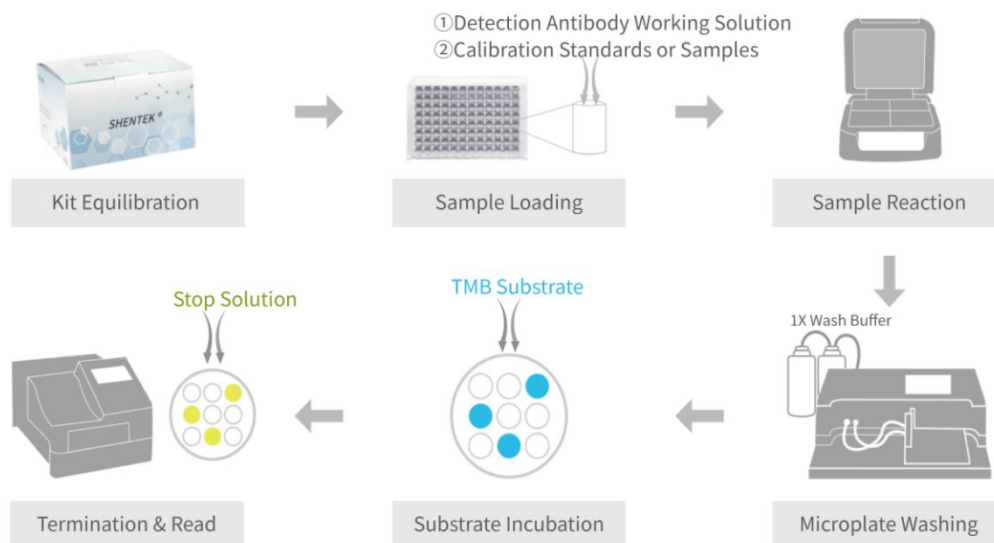


Figure 2. Procedure Flowchart

1. Preparation

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(1) Equilibration

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experimental design. Please store the remaining strips in the bag with desiccant at 2-8°C.

(2) Preparation of Reagents

- Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard solution: Pipette 500 μ L of Reconstitution Solution into the bottle containing Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard. Gently invert 3-5 times to mix well and let it stand for 5 minutes. Save the remaining solution under the recommended condition.

Note: If two or more tubes of Calibration Standard are needed, mix all tubes after reconstitution before use.

- 1×Wash Buffer: Dilute 1 volume of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10×) with 9 volumes of ultra-pure water. For example, add 25 mL Wash Buffer Concentrate (10×) to 225 mL of ultra-pure water to prepare 250 mL of 1×Wash Buffer. Prepare fresh and mix well before use.

Note: If the Wash Buffer Concentrate (10×) or Diluent is cloudy or contains precipitates, heat at 37°C until it clears.

- 1×Anti-Sf9:HRP: Prepare the 1×Anti-Sf9:HRP by diluting the Anti-Sf9:HRP (100×) with Diluent in a sterile centrifuge tube. Prepare fresh 1×Anti-Sf9:HRP, mix gently and use immediately.

(3) Preparation of Calibration Standard solutions

- Prepare Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard solutions as shown in Fig 3 and Table 3.

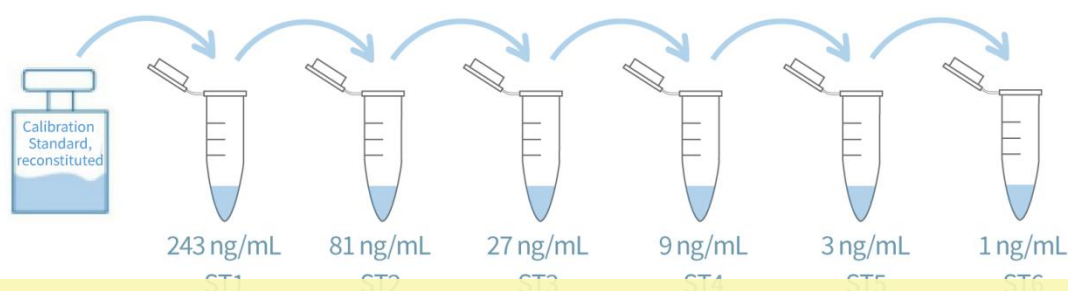


Figure 3. Graphic scheme of Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard solutions

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| Tubes | Dilution Procedure | Conc. (ng/mL) |
|-------|--|---------------|
| ST1 | 300 μL reconstituted Sf9 HCP Calibration Standard + 600 μL Diluent | 243 |
| ST2 | 300 μL ST1 + 600 μL Diluent | 81 |
| ST3 | 300 μL ST2 + 600 μL Diluent | 27 |
| ST4 | 300 μL ST3 + 600 μL Diluent | 9 |
| ST5 | 300 μL ST4 + 600 μL Diluent | 3 |
| ST6 | 300 μL ST5 + 600 μL Diluent | 1* |
| NCS | Diluent | 0 |

*Anchor point

(4) Sample Preparation

- Test samples: In-process samples, harvested bulk, drug substance and drug product. Make sure samples are clear and transparent, and insoluble substances need to be removed by centrifugation or filtration.
- Conduct sample stability studies to prevent degradation or denaturation during the experiment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. For long-term storage, -70°C is recommended to avoid degradation.

- Dilute the samples with a suitable diluent to achieve a proper range of HCP concentration within the calibration curve.
- For the first use, a method validation is recommend to verify sample suitability before the subsequent routine test. This will help to set up appropriate sample dilution series.

Note: Please contact us for support of validation protocol.

2. Assay Experiment

(1) Sample Loading

- Pipette 100 μ L of 1 \times Anti-Sf9:HRP Solution into each designated well according to the experimental design.
- Pipette 100 μ L of Calibration Standard solutions, controls and samples into the

corresponding wells as prepared earlier. Avoid foaming bubbles during pipetting.

We recommend to prepare 2-3 replicates for each sample.

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Seal the plate and incubate on microplate thermoshaker at 600 rpm for 1 hour at

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|--|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| C | ST6 | ST6 | ST6 | | S1 | S1 | S1 | | | | | |
| D | ST5 | ST5 | ST5 | | S2 | S2 | S2 | | | | | |
| E | ST4 | ST4 | ST4 | | S3 | S3 | S3 | | | | | |
| F | ST3 | ST3 | ST3 | | S1+SRC | S1+SRC | S1+SRC | | | | | |
| G | ST2 | ST2 | ST2 | | S2+SRC | S2+SRC | S2+SRC | | | | | |
| H | ST1 | ST1 | ST1 | | S3+SRC | S3+SRC | S3+SRC | | | | | |

- ◇ “ST1-ST6” indicate 6 concentration gradients, “NCS” as negative control, “S1-S3” as test samples, and “S1+SRC-S3+SRC” as spiked recovery controls for each sample.
- ◇ The number of replicates and the spiked samples can be determined by conducting a method validation study.

(2) Substrate Incubation

- Equilibrate the TMB substrate for 20 min at room temperature.
- Wash the plate with 340 μL of 1 \times Wash Buffer per well. Wipe off any liquid from the bottom outside of the plate. Repeat washing for 5 times. Do not allow the wells to be completely dried before adding the substrate.
- Add 100 μL of TMB Substrate into the wells, and incubate at RT for 30 minutes, and protect from light.

Note: Do not use sealing film during this step.

(3) Termination and Plate Reading

- Add 50 μL of Stop Solution into each well and read absorbance at 450 nm/620-650 nm immediately.

Note: The order of adding stop solution should be the same as the order of adding the TMB solution. While adding samples, suspend the tips above the liquid to prevent contact with the solution in the wells and minimize the formation.

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OD_{450nm} and their respective long wavelength. If the microplate reader is not equipped with long wavelength measurement, this step can be omitted.

- Subtract the OD value of the NCS from each calibration point and samples, and record the mean of the replicate wells.
- Perform a 4-parameter logistic regression model using the Calibration Standard concentration values and OD values to obtain the calibration curve equation. Substitute the average OD value of the sample into the equation to calculate the sample concentration, which should be multiplied by the dilution factor to obtain the actual sample concentration.
- The software for data analysis of the standard curve could be the one that comes with the microplate reader. If not, we recommend to use professional standard curve software such as Curve Expert, ELISA Calc, and so on.

■ Limitations

- This product is intended for research use only but not for clinical applications.
- The samples pH should be between 6.5 and 8.5. Beyond this range may cause abnormal results.

■ Assay Performance

- Linearity& Range: 3-243 ng/mL, 4-PL, $R^2 \geq 0.990$
- LLOQ: 3 ng/mL
- Specificity: No cross-reactivity with MDCK, Vero, HEK293T, CHO, *E.coli* and *P.pastoris* strains.
- Typical calibration curve results for reference

| Calibration Standards(ng/mL) | Abs. at 450nm-620nm | | | | AVG | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|---|--|
| 0 | 0.066 | 0.069 | 0.067 | 0.067 | | |
| 3 | 0.085 | 0.082 | 0.083 | 0.083 | | |
| 9 | 0.119 | 0.119 | 0.119 | 0.119 | | |
| 27 | 0.232 | 0.233 | 0.230 | 0.232 | | |
| 81 | 0.566 | 0.553 | 0.566 | 0.562 | | |
| 243 | 1.489 | 1.525 | 1.460 | 1.492 | | |
| | | | | | A=16.35315 B=-1.01532 C=2453.39039 D=-0.00148 R ² =1.00000 | |

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■ Additional Information

- ✧ This kit is intended for use by qualified technicians only.
- ✧ Consumables, for example sterile disposable tips, tubes and reservoirs are only allowed for single use. It is recommended to wipe with 75% ethanol before and after each use. Follow the specified pipetting procedure carefully.
- ✧ Users should validate the assay before testing their samples.
- ✧ Dilution should be gentle and thorough to avoid excessive foaming.
- ✧ Stop Solution is 1M HCl. Avoid direct contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.
- ✧ Do not mix the kit reagents from different lot numbers.
- ✧ Use fresh sterile water or ultra-pure water, and ensure the water temperature does not exceed 37°C.
- ✧ Seal or cover the microplate immediately after sample loading to avoid liquid evaporation.
- ✧ Avoid drying the wells before substrate incubation.
- ✧ Store unused microtiter strips in a sealed bag with desiccant to prevent contamination.

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- ✧ Pipette carefully to avoid any bubbles, and gently shake the plate for thorough mixing. Bubbles can influence optical density values and detection results.
- ✧ Avoid the samples containing sodium azide (NaN_3), which will deactivate the HRP and lead to the underestimation of HCP levels.

■ Troubleshooting

| Problem | Possible Cause | Solution |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| High background signal (OD) | Cross-contamination of reagents, including distilled water | Freshly prepared prior to experiment. |
| | Cross-contamination of equipment, including micropipettes and centrifuge | Clean the equipment with 75% ethanol before experiment. |
| | Environment contamination | Separate the working bench to avoid contamination |
| | Insufficient washing | Increase the wash buffer volume or wash times, and remove any remaining liquid before proceeding to the next step |
| | Improper washing | Swiftly and completely shake off any excess liquid, and avoid reusing pipette tips. |
| | Abnormal plates | Add the substrate to the bottom of the wells using micropipettes, and avoid splashing. |
| | Plate sealing | Seal the plate with a film and remove it carefully to prevent splashing. |

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If you have any other questions, please contact us for technical support.

■ References

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- FDA. Bioanalytical Method Validation
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- EP<2.6.34> HOST-CELL PROTEIN ASSAYS
- ChP<9012> Guidance of Quantitative Method Validation for Biological Samples

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